<u>Plancha</u> Clean & Season Guide

Initial Cleaning (Before First Use)

Wash the plancha plate with warm, soapy water and a sponge or brush to remove any manufacturing oils or residues.

Rinse thoroughly and dry immediately with a clean towel to prevent rust.

After Each Use

While the plate is still warm (but not too hot), use a scraper or spatula to remove any food debris or residue.

Pour a small amount of water onto the plate and use a grill brush or paper towels to wipe away grease and grime.

For stubborn bits, add kosher salt and scrub gently with a paper towel.

Wipe dry immediately to prevent rust formation.

Seasoning the Plancha Plate

Proper seasoning creates a non-stick surface and protects the steel from rust.

1. Heat the Plate

Place the plancha plate on the BBQ and heat it up until it changes color slightly (around 200-250°C / 400-480°F).

2. Apply Oil

Use a high-smoke-point oil like flaxseed, canola, vegetable, or grapeseed oil.

Pour a small amount onto the plate and spread evenly with a paper towel or cloth.

Ensure a thin, even coating without excess pooling.

3. Bake the Seasoning Layer

Allow the oil to heat until it begins to smoke and darken (this helps form a protective layer).

Let the plate continue to heat for about 15-20 minutes.

Once the oil has polymerized, turn off the heat and allow the plate to cool.

4. Repeat for Optimal Coating

For best results, repeat the seasoning process 2-3 times before the first use. Over time, continued cooking and occasional re-seasoning will improve the surface.

Maintaining the Seasoning

Avoid cooking acidic foods (like tomatoes or citrus) directly on the plate for prolonged periods, as they can break down the seasoning.

After each use, apply a light coat of oil to the warm plate to maintain protection. Store in a dry place to prevent rust. If storing long-term, apply a slightly thicker oil layer.